

## False Position Method (RegulaFalsi Method)

Algorithm

### False Position method (regula falsi method) Steps (Rule)

<b>Step-1:</b>	Find points $x_0$ and $x_1$ such that $x_0 < x_1$ and $f(x_0) \cdot f(x_1) < 0$ .
<b>Step-2:</b>	Take the interval $[x_0, x_1]$ and find next value $x_2 = x_0 - \frac{f(x_0)}{f(x_1) - f(x_0)} \cdot (x_1 - x_0)$
<b>Step-3:</b>	If $f(x_2) = 0$ then $x_2$ is an exact root, else if $f(x_0) \cdot f(x_2) < 0$ then $x_1 = x_2$ , else if $f(x_2) \cdot f(x_1) < 0$ then $x_0 = x_2$ .
<b>Step-4:</b>	Repeat steps 2 & 3 until $f(x_i) = 0$ or $ f(x_i)  \leq \text{Accuracy}$

#### Example-1

Find a root of an equation  $f(x) = x^3 - x - 1$  using False Position method

**Solution:**

Here  $x^3 - x - 1 = 0$

Let  $f(x) = x^3 - x - 1$

Here

$x$	0	1	2
$f(x)$	-1	-1	5

1<sub>st</sub> iteration :

Here  $f(1) = -1 < 0$  and  $f(2) = 5 > 0$

∴ Now, Root lies between  $x_0 = 1$  and  $x_1 = 2$

$$x_2 = x_0 - \frac{f(x_0) \cdot (x_1 - x_0)}{f(x_1) - f(x_0)}$$

$$x_2 = 1 - (-1) \cdot 2 - 15 - (-1)$$

$$x_2 = 1.16667$$

$$f(x_2) = f(1.16667) = -0.5787 < 0$$

2<sub>nd</sub> iteration :

Here  $f(1.16667) = -0.5787 < 0$  and  $f(2) = 5 > 0$

∴ Now, Root lies between  $x_0 = 1.16667$  and  $x_1 = 2$

$$x_3 = x_0 - \frac{f(x_0)}{f'(x_0)} \cdot x_1 - x_0 \frac{f(x_1)}{f'(x_1)} - \frac{f(x_0)}{f'(x_0)}$$

$$x_3 = 1.16667 - (-0.5787) \cdot 2 - 1.166675 - (-0.5787)$$

$$x_3 = 1.25311$$

$$f(x_3) = f(1.25311) = -0.28536 < 0$$

3rd iteration :

Here  $f(1.25311) = -0.28536 < 0$  and  $f(2) = 5 > 0$

∴ Now, Root lies between  $x_0 = 1.25311$  and  $x_1 = 2$

$$x_4 = x_0 - \frac{f(x_0)}{f'(x_0)} \cdot x_1 - x_0 \frac{f(x_1)}{f'(x_1)} - \frac{f(x_0)}{f'(x_0)}$$

$$x_4 = 1.25311 - (-0.28536) \cdot 2 - 1.253115 - (-0.28536)$$

$$x_4 = 1.29344$$

$$f(x_4) = f(1.29344) = -0.12954 < 0$$

4th iteration :

Here  $f(1.29344) = -0.12954 < 0$  and  $f(2) = 5 > 0$

∴ Now, Root lies between  $x_0 = 1.29344$  and  $x_1 = 2$

$$x_5 = x_0 - \frac{f(x_0)}{f'(x_0)} \cdot x_1 - x_0 \frac{f(x_1)}{f'(x_1)} - \frac{f(x_0)}{f'(x_0)}$$

$$x_5 = 1.29344 - (-0.12954) \cdot 2 - 1.293445 - (-0.12954)$$

$$x_5 = 1.31128$$

$$f(x_5) = f(1.31128) = -0.05659 < 0$$

5th iteration :

Here  $f(1.31128) = -0.05659 < 0$  and  $f(2) = 5 > 0$

∴ Now, Root lies between  $x_0 = 1.31128$  and  $x_1 = 2$

$$x_6 = x_0 - \frac{f(x_0)}{f'(x_0)} \cdot x_1 - x_0 \frac{f(x_1)}{f'(x_1)} - \frac{f(x_0)}{f'(x_0)}$$

$$x_6 = 1.31128 - (-0.05659) \cdot 2 - 1.311285 - (-0.05659)$$

$$x_6 = 1.31899$$

$$f(x_6) = f(1.31899) = -0.0243 < 0$$

6th iteration :

Here  $f(1.31899) = -0.0243 < 0$  and  $f(2) = 5 > 0$

∴ Now, Root lies between  $x_0 = 1.31899$  and  $x_1 = 2$

$$x_7 = x_0 - \frac{f(x_0)}{f'(x_0)} \cdot x_1 - x_0 \cdot \frac{f(x_1)}{f'(x_0)}$$

$$x_7 = 1.31899 - (-0.0243) \cdot 2 - 1.318995 - (-0.0243)$$

$$x_7 = 1.32228$$

$$f(x_7) = f(1.32228) = -0.01036 < 0$$

7<sup>th</sup> iteration :

Here  $f(1.32228) = -0.01036 < 0$  and  $f(2) = 5 > 0$

∴ Now, Root lies between  $x_0 = 1.32228$  and  $x_1 = 2$

$$x_8 = x_0 - \frac{f(x_0)}{f'(x_0)} \cdot x_1 - x_0 \cdot \frac{f(x_1)}{f'(x_0)}$$

$$x_8 = 1.32228 - (-0.01036) \cdot 2 - 1.322285 - (-0.01036)$$

$$x_8 = 1.32368$$

$$f(x_8) = f(1.32368) = -0.0044 < 0$$

8<sup>th</sup> iteration :

Here  $f(1.32368) = -0.0044 < 0$  and  $f(2) = 5 > 0$

∴ Now, Root lies between  $x_0 = 1.32368$  and  $x_1 = 2$

$$x_9 = x_0 - \frac{f(x_0)}{f'(x_0)} \cdot x_1 - x_0 \cdot \frac{f(x_1)}{f'(x_0)}$$

$$x_9 = 1.32368 - (-0.0044) \cdot 2 - 1.323685 - (-0.0044)$$

$$x_9 = 1.32428$$

$$f(x_9) = f(1.32428) = -0.00187 < 0$$

9<sup>th</sup> iteration :

Here  $f(1.32428) = -0.00187 < 0$  and  $f(2) = 5 > 0$

∴ Now, Root lies between  $x_0 = 1.32428$  and  $x_1 = 2$

$$x_{10} = x_0 - \frac{f(x_0)}{f'(x_0)} \cdot x_1 - x_0 \cdot \frac{f(x_1)}{f'(x_0)}$$

$$x_{10} = 1.32428 - (-0.00187) \cdot 2 - 1.324285 - (-0.00187)$$

$$x_{10} = 1.32453$$

$$f(x_{10}) = f(1.32453) = -0.00079 < 0$$

10<sup>th</sup> iteration :

Here  $f(1.32453) = -0.00079 < 0$  and  $f(2) = 5 > 0$

∴ Now, Root lies between  $x_0 = 1.32453$  and  $x_1 = 2$

$$x_{11}=x_0-f(x_0) \cdot x_1 - x_0 f(x_1) - f(x_0)$$

$$x_{11}=1.32453-(-0.00079) \cdot 2 - 1.324535-(-0.00079)$$

$$x_{11}=1.32464$$

$$f(x_{11})=f(1.32464)=-0.00034 < 0$$

Approximate root of the equation  $x^3-x-1=0$  using False Position method is 1.32464

<b>n</b>	<b>x0</b>	<b>f(x0)</b>	<b>x1</b>	<b>f(x1)</b>	<b>x2</b>	<b>f(x2)</b>	<b>Update</b>
1	1	-1	2	5	1.16667	-0.5787	$x_0=x_2$
2	1.16667	-0.5787	2	5	1.25311	-0.28536	$x_0=x_2$
3	1.25311	-0.28536	2	5	1.29344	-0.12954	$x_0=x_2$
4	1.29344	-0.12954	2	5	1.31128	-0.05659	$x_0=x_2$
5	1.31128	-0.05659	2	5	1.31899	-0.0243	$x_0=x_2$
6	1.31899	-0.0243	2	5	1.32228	-0.01036	$x_0=x_2$
7	1.32228	-0.01036	2	5	1.32368	-0.0044	$x_0=x_2$
8	1.32368	-0.0044	2	5	1.32428	-0.00187	$x_0=x_2$
9	1.32428	-0.00187	2	5	1.32453	-0.00079	$x_0=x_2$
10	1.32453	-0.00079	2	5	1.32464	-0.00034	$x_0=x_2$